ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2015

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Victor Valley Community College District Victorville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Victor Valley Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Notes 2 and 14 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 14, the Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress on page 58, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 59, and the Schedule of District Contributions on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information listed in the Table of Contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

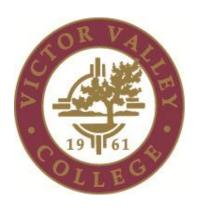
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

avinex Time, Day & Co., LLP.

December 11, 2015



Victor Valley College 18422 Bear Valley Road Victorville, CA 92395-5850 (760) 245-4271 x2922 Roger W. Wagner Superintendent / President roger.wagner@vvc.edu

Board of Trustees Joseph W. Brady, President John Pinkerton, Vice President Brandon A. Wood, Clerk Dennis Henderson, Trustee Dr. Marianne Tortorici, Trustee

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The purpose of this annual report is to provide readers with information about the activities programs and financial condition of Victor Valley Community College District (the District) as of June 30, 2015. The report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows and provides information about the District as a whole. This section of the annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of this information rests with the District management.

Victor Valley Community College District was established in 1961 and serves the County of San Bernardino and a small portion of the County of Los Angeles. Students in our college may complete the freshman and sophomore years of a baccalaureate degree and transfer to upper division study at a university or complete a certificated vocational program and move directly into the workforce.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Victor Valley Community College District's financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments and No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management Discussion and Analysis - for Public College and Universities. These statements allow for the presentation of financial activity and results of operations which focuses on the District as a whole. The entity-wide financial statements present the overall results of operations whereby all of the District's activities are consolidated into one total versus the traditional presentation by fund type. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to the bottom line results of the District. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on the costs of the District's operational activities with revenues and expenses categorized as operating and nonoperating, and expenses are reported by natural classification. The Statement of Cash Flows provides an analysis of the sources and uses of cash within the operations of the District.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office has recommended that all State community colleges follow the Business-Type Activity (BTA) model for financial statement reporting purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

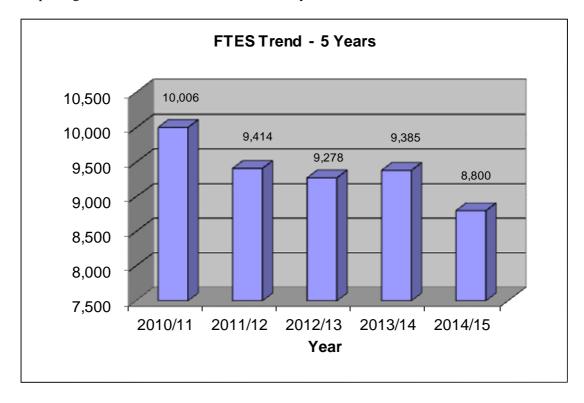
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

This section provides condensed information for each of the three basic financial statements, as well as illustrative charts and tables.

The District revenue decreased from prior year due to Redevelopment asset liquidation of \$2.2 million. There was approximately an additional \$1.5 million in Educational Protection Act revenue which helped offset this decrease down to only an overall \$682 thousand. The decrease workload reduction placed the college into stability restoration.

The college maintains its basic allocation as a mid-size college although it is in its first year of enrollment decline. The total funded workload (as of the September revision of the 2015-2016 Advance Principal Apportionment Report) was 9,426, comprised of a base FTES of 9,072, growth FTES of 200, and restored FTES of 154. This funding is based on what was reported at the 2nd reporting period. Note that the final workload production reported at the recalculation period was 8,800.

The District's primary funding is based upon an apportionment allocation made by the State of California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. The primary basis for the Chancellor's apportionment calculation is the District's reporting of FTES. Below is the District's five-year trend for FTES:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Once the Chancellor's Office calculates the District's base apportionment, it reduces the net amount to be distributed by the amount of property taxes and enrollment fees expected to be paid directly to the District. The matrix below lists the three components and illustrates the net effect of the changes. Overall, total apportionment increased by \$1,127,204.

	2015 2014		Change
Property tax revenue	\$ 7,261,643	\$ 6,983,566	\$ 278,077
Tuition and fees	3,073,842	2,892,353	181,489
Apportionment	37,289,417	36,621,779	 667,638
Total	\$ 47,624,902	\$ 46,497,698	\$ 1,127,204

SELECTED HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2014-2015, total FTES decreased by 6.2 percent. At June 30, 2015, the value of the District's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) irrevocable Futuris trust was \$10.6 million, and the District's GASB Statement No. 45 liabilities are currently fully funded.

Statement of Net Position

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue operations of the District. Readers are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and employees. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net assets and their availability for expenditure by the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the District as of the end of the fiscal year, and is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting basis used by most private-sector organizations. The Statement of Net Position is a point of time financial statement whose purpose is to present to the readers a fiscal snapshot of the District. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets, liabilities, and net position.

(Amounts in thousands)

(2014		
	2015		as restated		Change	
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	43,990	\$	43,452	\$	538
Accounts receivable		5,183		8,724		(3,541)
Other current assets		1,651		1,393		258
Total Current Assets		50,824		53,569		(2,745)
Noncurrent Assets						
Investments		29,321		29,053		268
OPEB asset		7,302		6,977		325
Capital assets (net)		132,510		126,405		6,105
Total Noncurrent Assets		169,133		162,435		6,698
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_				
Current year pension contribution		3,940		3,022		918
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	223,897	\$	219,026	\$	4,871
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	16,995	\$	9,163	\$	7,832
Current portion of long-term obligations		2,514		2,276		238
Total Current Liabilities		19,509		11,439		8,070
Long-Term Obligations		196,014		205,884		(9,870)
Total Liabilities		215,523		217,323		(1,800)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		10,850		-		10,850
Net change in proportionate share of net						
pension liability		551		-		551
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,401		-		11,401
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		8,766		8,611		155
Restricted		12,561		10,124		2,437
Unrestricted		(24,354)		(17,032)		(7,322)
Total Net Position		(3,027)		1,703		(4,730)
Total Liabilities, Deferred						
Inflows and Net Position	\$	223,897	\$	219,026	\$	4,871

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

The difference between total assets and total liabilities is one indicator of the current financial condition of the District; the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. The District's net position decreased from last year by \$4.7 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

The net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, *net investment in capital assets*, provides the equity amount in the property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The second category, *expendable restricted net position*, are net position available for expenditure by the District, but must be spent for purposes as determined by external entities and/or donors that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is *unrestricted net position* that is available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

- Approximately 60 percent of the cash balance and investments is cash deposited in the San Bernardino County Treasury Pool. All funds are invested in accordance with Board Policy, which emphasizes prudence, safety, liquidity, and the return on investment. The Statement of Cash Flows contained within these financial statements provides greater detail regarding the sources and uses of cash.
- Capital assets had a net balance of \$132.5 million. Depreciation expense of \$4.1 million was recognized during 2014-2015.
- Accounts payable in the amount of \$8.1 million are amounts due as of the fiscal year-end for goods and services received as of June 30, 2015. Interest payable accruals total \$2.3 million. Other current liabilities in the amount of \$9.1 million related mainly to unearned revenues and the current portion of compensated absences payable, bonds payable, supplementary employee retirement plan, and lease obligations; noncurrent liabilities in the amount of \$196.0 million include noncurrent portions for compensated absences payable, general obligation bonds, supplementary employee retirement plan, lease obligations, and the aggregate net pension obligation have been recognized for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- The District currently has \$152.2 million outstanding related to the issuance of general obligation debt. Additional information regarding long-term debt is included in the Debt Administration section of this discussion and analysis.
- As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate net pension obligation was \$38.6 million, as a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The District has, therefore, recorded its proportionate share of the net pension obligation for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position as presented in the Statement of Net Position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the operating and nonoperating revenues earned, whether received or not by the District, the operating and nonoperating expenses incurred, whether paid or not by the District, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and/or losses earned or incurred by the District. Thus, this Statement presents the District's results of operations.

(Amounts in thousands)

	2015		2014		Change	
Operating Revenues						
Tuition and fees	\$	3,074	\$	2,892	\$	182
Auxiliary sales and charges		2,981		2,670		311
Total Operating Revenues		6,055		5,562		493
Operating Expenses	·					
Salaries and benefits		55,199		50,375		4,824
Supplies and maintenance		19,469		12,576		6,893
Student financial aid		25,597		23,452		2,145
Depreciation		4,120		3,439		681
Total Operating Expenses		104,385		89,842		14,543
Loss on Operations		(98,330)		(84,280)		(14,050)
Nonoperating Revenues	·					
State apportionments		37,289		36,622		667
Property taxes		7,262		6,984		278
Other taxes		7,454		6,505		949
Grants and contracts		39,353		30,727		8,626
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,048		118		930
Total Nonoperating Revenue		92,406		80,956		11,450
Other Revenues and Losses	·					
Local capital income		1,546		1,330		216
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(352)				(352)
Total Other Revenues and Losses		1,194		1,330		(136)
Change in Net Position	\$	(4,730)	\$	(1,994)	\$	(2,736)

The schedule above has been prepared from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. State general apportionment, while budgeted for operations, is considered nonoperating revenues, according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's prescribed reporting format.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

The District's Unrestricted General Fund expenses increased approximately \$4.9 million in comparison to the prior fiscal year. The use of reserves in the amount of \$5.9 million to balance the fiscal year budget still leaving a 6.4 percent reserve.

Generally, operating revenues are earned for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for operating revenues and to fulfill the mission of the District. Nonoperating revenues are those received or pledged for which goods and services are not provided; for example, State appropriations are nonoperating revenue because they are provided by the legislature to the District without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

- Tuition and fees are generated by the resident, non-resident, and foreign fees paid by the students attending Victor Valley Community College, including fees such as parking fees, community services classes, and other related fees.
- Non-capital grants and contracts are primarily those received from Federal and State sources and used in the instructional program.
- State apportionment is generated based on the workload measures reported to the State by the District. The District has experienced a six percent FTES decreases in the 2014-2015 fiscal year.
- Local property taxes are received through the Auditor-Controller's Office for San Bernardino and Los Angeles Counties. The amount received for property taxes is deducted from the total State general apportionment amount calculated by the State for the District.

Total operating expenses increased by \$14.5 million. The increase is comprised of three parts:

- 1. Salaries and benefits increased by \$4.8 million;
- 2. Supplies, maintenance, and other operating expenses increased by \$6.9 million;
- 3. Payments to students increased by \$2.1 million.

Operating expenses are 52.9 percent related to personnel costs. The balance of operating expenses is for supplies, materials, other operating expenses, financial aid, utilities, and depreciation expense.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This statement also helps users assess the District's ability to generate positive cash flows, meet obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing.

The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into five parts. The first part reflects operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the District. The second part details cash received for nonoperating, non-investing, and non-capital financing purposes. The third part shows cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This part deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth part provides information from investing activities and the amount of interest received. The last section reconciles the net cash used by operating activities to the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

(Amounts in thousands)

 2015		2014		Change
\$ (88,089)	\$	(80,780)	\$	(7,309)
95,193		87,020		8,173
(8,724)		(6,201)		(2,523)
 2,427		2,259		168
807		2,298		(1,491)
 72,505		70,207		2,298
\$ 73,312	\$	72,505	\$	807
\$	\$ (88,089) 95,193 (8,724) 2,427 807 72,505	\$ (88,089) \$ 95,193 (8,724) 2,427 807 72,505	\$ (88,089) \$ (80,780) 95,193 87,020 (8,724) (6,201) 2,427 2,259 807 2,298 72,505 70,207	\$ (88,089) \$ (80,780) \$ 95,193 87,020 (8,724) (6,201) 2,427 2,259 807 2,298 72,505 70,207

The primary operating activities contributing to cash flow are student tuition and fees, while the primary operating activity using cash flow throughout the year is the payment of salaries and benefits.

Even though State apportionment, property taxes, Federal, State, and local grants and contracts are the primary source of non-capital related revenue (and cash flow), GASB accounting standards require that these sources of revenue be shown as nonoperating revenue, since they come from general resources of the Federal and State government and not from the primary users of the college's programs and services (students). The District depends upon this funding as the primary source of funds to continue the current level of operations.

Cash flow used in operating activities increased by \$7.3 million during fiscal year 2014-2015.

Property tax revenue, State apportionment, and grants and contracts account for approximately 81 percent of the non-capital financing activities.

The primary use included in capital and related financing activities is the purchase of capital assets (building improvements, construction in progress, equipment, etc.).

Cash from investing activities is mainly interest earned on cash in bank and cash invested through the San Bernardino County Investment Pool and the Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC) with SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

Functional Expenses Classification

In accordance with requirements set forth by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, the District reports operating expenses by object code. Operating expenses by functional classification are as follows:

			Supplies,			
			Material, and	Equipment,		
		Employee	Other Expenses	Maintenance,		
	Salaries	Benefits	and Services	and Repairs	Depreciation	Total
Instructional activities	\$ 25,550,231	\$ 5,306,605	\$ 3,824,517	\$ 1,476,721	\$ 2,303,042	\$ 38,461,116
Academic support	3,455,159	1,069,376	402,733	216,110	337,695	5,481,073
Student services	4,952,919	1,485,634	1,893,006	307,531	480,550	9,119,640
Instructional support services Ancillary services and	8,107,415	4,284,199	36,084,505	591,873	924,865	49,992,857
auxiliary operations	725,618	262,182	224,632	44,307	73,726	1,330,465
Total	\$ 42,791,342	\$ 12,407,996	\$ 42,429,393	\$ 2,636,542	\$ 4,119,878	\$ 104,385,151

District's Fiduciary Responsibility

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of students, clubs, and donors for student loans and scholarships. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because these assets cannot be used to finance operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the District had total capital assets of \$187.3 million consisting of land, buildings and building improvements, construction in progress, vehicles, data processing equipment, and other office equipment. These assets have accumulated depreciation of \$54.8 million.

Capital additions consist primarily of replacement, renovation, and new construction of facilities, as well as significant investments in equipment, including information technology. Current year additions were funded with a combination of special categorical, unrestricted general fund dollars, and capital outlay appropriations.

(Amounts in thousands)

		Balance								
	Be	ginning of					Ba	lance End		
	Year		Year		A	dditions	De	eletions		of Year
Land and construction in progress	\$	18,651	\$	9,676	\$	3,378	\$	24,949		
Buildings and improvements		145,390		3,538		-		148,928		
Furniture and equipment		13,081		389		-		13,470		
Subtotal		177,122		13,603		3,378		187,347		
Accumulated depreciation		(50,717)		(4,120)				(54,837)		
	\$	126,405	\$	9,483	\$	3,378	\$	132,510		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$198.5 million in total debt. The District was successful in passing a bond measure before the voters in November 2008. The general obligation bond was used in part to retire the outstanding certificates of participation debt.

(Amounts in thousands)

	В	Balance seginning of Year s restated	A	dditions	D	eletions	 nlance End of Year
General obligation bonds	\$	149,765	\$	3,915	\$	1,496	\$ 152,184
Compensated absences		1,555		3		-	1,558
Supplemental employee retirement plan		929		-		464	465
Capital leases		6,054		-		296	5,758
Net pension liability		49,857				11,294	 38,563
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	208,160	\$	3,918	\$	13,550	\$ 198,528
Amount due within one year							\$ 2,514

We present more detailed information about our debt in Note 10 to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the: Office of Fiscal Services, Victor Valley Community College District, 18422 Bear Valley Road, Victorville, California 92395-5850.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT JUNE 30, 2015

A COTTO	
ASSETS	
Current Assets	ф. 1.201.04 7
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,201,047
Investments - unrestricted	12,836,821
Investments - restricted	29,952,647
Accounts receivable	4,876,207
Student loans receivable	271,616
Due from fiduciary funds	35,106
Prepaid expenses	466,597
Inventories	1,183,958
Total Current Assets	50,823,999
Noncurrent Assets	
Investments - unrestricted	29,321,029
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset	7,301,591
Nondepreciable capital assets	24,948,813
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	107,561,648
Total Noncurrent Assets	169,133,081
TOTAL ASSETS	219,957,080
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Current year pension contribution	3,939,804
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	8,063,757
Accrued interest payable	2,261,417
Due to fiduciary funds	4,360
Unearned revenue	6,665,979
Bonds payable - current portion	1,725,000
Lease obligations - current portion	324,480
Other long-term liabilities - current portion	464,606
Total Current Liabilities	19,509,599
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable - noncurrent portion	1,558,044
Bonds payable - noncurrent portion	150,459,431
Lease obligations - noncurrent portion	5,433,172
Aggregate net pension obligation	38,562,875
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	196,013,522
TOTAL LIABILITIES	215,523,121
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Difference between projected and actual earnings	
on pension plan investments	10,849,702
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability	551,046
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	11,400,748
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	8,766,024
Restricted for:	
Debt service	6,431,376
Capital projects	5,806,667
Educational programs	322,784
Unrestricted	(24,353,836)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (3,026,985)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES	
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 12,249,738
Less: Scholarship discount and allowance	(9,175,896)
Net tuition and fees	3,073,842
Auxiliary Enterprise Sales and Charges	
Bookstore	2,485,867
Cafeteria	245,303
Other Operating Revenues	249,874
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	6,054,886
OPERATING EXPENSES	0,021,000
Salaries	42,791,342
Employee benefits	12,407,996
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services	16,832,893
Student financial aid	25,596,500
Equipment, maintenance, and repairs	2,636,542
Depreciation	4,119,878
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	104,385,151
OPERATING LOSS	(98,330,265)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State apportionments, noncapital	37,289,417
Local property taxes, levied for general purposes	7,261,643
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	7,453,980
Federal grants	26,480,225
State grants	12,872,214
State taxes and other revenues	2,592,476
Investment income	2,428,069
Interest expense on capital related debt	(9,309,172)
Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net	290,376
Transfer from fiduciary funds	120,752
Other nonoperating revenue	4,925,597
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	92,405,577
LOSS BEFORE OTHER REVENUES AND LOSSES	(5,924,688)
OTHER REVENUES AND LOSSES	
Local revenues, capital	1,546,325
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(351,980)
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES AND LOSSES	1,194,345
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,730,343)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED	1,703,358
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (3,026,985)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Tuition and fees	\$ 2,424,731
Payments to vendors for supplies and services	(11,695,052)
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(56,203,337)
Payments to students for scholarships and grants	(25,596,500)
Auxiliary enterprise sales and charges	2,981,044
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(88,089,114)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State apportionments	43,307,460
Grant and contracts	26,480,225
Property taxes - non-debt related	7,263,728
State taxes and other apportionments	15,085,611
Other nonoperating	3,056,327
Net Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	95,193,351
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of capital assets	(10,811,565)
Local revenue, capital projects	1,546,325
Property taxes - related to capital debt	7,453,980
Proceeds from capital debt	3,915,762
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,792,212)
Interest paid on capital debt	290,376
Interest received on capital asset-related debt	(9,326,588)
Net Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities	(8,723,922)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received from investments	2,426,540
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	806,855
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	72,504,689
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 73,311,544

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(98,330,265)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows From	Ψ	(>0,550,205)
Operating Activities		
Depreciation expense		4,119,878
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows		, ,
Receivables		84,233
Inventories		(301,037)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		43,721
Net OPEB asset		(324,232)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,354,898
Unearned revenue		4,536,942
Current year pension contributions		(918,173)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension obligation		11,400,748
Compensated absences, net pension obligation, and supplemental		
employee retirement plan		(11,755,827)
Total Adjustments		10,241,151
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$	(88,089,114)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING:		
Cash in banks	\$	1,201,047
Cash in county treasury		42,789,468
SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company		29,321,029
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	73,311,544
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		
Board of governors fee waivers	\$	9,175,896
On behalf payments for benefits		1,202,072
	\$	10,377,968

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		Trust
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	398,209
Investments		75,283
Accounts receivable		71,413
Due from primary government	<u></u>	4,360
Total Assets		549,265
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		40,064
Due to primary government		35,106
Total Liabilities		75,170
NET POSITION		
Unreserved		474,095
Total Net Position	\$	474,095

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ADDITIONS	Trust	
Local revenues	\$ 351,648	
DEDUCTIONS		
Services and operating expenditures	186,187	
OTHER FINANCING USES		
Transfers to primary government	(120,752)	
Change in Net Position	44,709	
Net Position - Beginning	429,386	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 474,095	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Victor Valley Community College District (the District) was established in 1961 as a political subdivision of the State of California and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board of Trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The Board must approve the annual budgets for the General Funds, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operated one community college located in Victorville, California. While the District is a political subdivision of the State of California, it is legally separate and is independent of other State and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provision of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61. The District has considered all potential component units in determining how to define the reporting entity using criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The basic criteria for including a component unit are (1) the economic resources held or received by the other entity are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, (2) the District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources held or received by the other entity, and (3) the other entity's resources to which the District is entitled or has the ability to otherwise access are significant to the District. If any of these criteria are not met, the final criterion for including a component unit is whether the other entity is closely related to, or financially integrated with, the District. The District identified no component units.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 as amended by GASB Statements No. 37, No. 38, and No. 39. This presentation provides a comprehensive entity-wide perspective of the District's assets, liabilities, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Accordingly, the District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Budget and Accounting Manual*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intraagency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are classified as operating revenues. These transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, operating revenues consist primarily of student fees and auxiliary activities through the bookstore and cafeteria.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include State apportionments, property taxes, certain Federal and State grants, entitlements, and donations. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year received. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set forth from the Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated. Revenue from Federal and State grants and entitlements are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements may include time and/or purpose requirements.

Operating expenses are costs incurred to provide instructional services including support costs, auxiliary services, and depreciation of capital assets. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating. Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

The District reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District has not elected to apply FASB pronouncements after that date.

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the reporting model as prescribed in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, and GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 37, No. 38, and No. 39. The business-type activities model followed by the District requires the following components of the District's financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements for the District as a whole including:
 - o Statements of Net Position Primary Government
 - o Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Primary Government
 - o Statements of Cash Flows Primary Government
 - o Financial Statements for the Fiduciary Funds including:
 - o Statements of Fiduciary Net Position
 - o Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be unrestricted cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term unrestricted investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include unrestricted cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows. Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent balances restricted by external sources such as grants and contracts or specifically restricted for the repayment of capital debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments held at June 30, 2015, are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. Short-term investments have an original maturity date greater than three months, but less than one year at time of purchase. Long-term investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets arise when restrictions on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent investments required by debt covenants to be set aside by the District for the purpose of satisfying certain requirements of the bonded debt issuance.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State and/or local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in the State of California. The District does not record an allowance for uncollectible accounts because collectability of the receivables from such sources is probable. When receivables are determined to be uncollectible, a direct write-off is recorded.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent payments made to vendors and others for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015.

Inventories

Stores inventories consist primarily of bookstore merchandise held for resale to the students and faculty of the college. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, or market on an average basis. The cost is recorded as an expense as the inventory is consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, leasehold improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 39 years; site improvements, 20 years; machinery and equipment, 5 to 20 years; vehicles, 8 years.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the entity-wide financial statements.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs related to prepaid insurance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for the current year pension contributions.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments specific to the net pension liability and for the unamortized amount on net change in proportionate share of net pension liability.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued when earned by employees. Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized at year-end as liabilities of the District. The District participates in underloading, whereby any faculty who fall below load one semester may be assigned additional classes the following semester to make up for the shortage.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for eligible employees when they retire.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenues include (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year, and (2) amounts received from Federal and State grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include bonds, compensated absences, net pension liability, and capital lease obligations, with maturities greater than one year.

Net Position

GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 report equity as "Net Position" and represent the difference between assets and liabilities. The net position is classified according to imposed restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of District obligations according to the following net asset categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such accounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted: Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the District, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Unrestricted: Net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources when they are needed. The entity-wide financial statements report \$12,560,827 of restricted net position.

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the State are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Bernardino bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

The voters of the District passed a General Obligation Bond in 2008 for the acquisition, construction, and remodeling of certain District property. As a result of the passage of the Bond, property taxes are assessed on the property within the District specifically for the repayment of the debt incurred. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and remitted to the District when collected.

Board of Governors Grants (BOGG) and Fee Waivers

Student tuition and fee revenue is reported net of allowances and fee waivers approved by the Board of Governors through BOGG fee waivers in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. To the extent that fee waivers have been used to satisfy tuition and fee charges, the District has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, SEOG Grants, and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government. Financial aid to students is either reported as operating expenses or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to students in the form of reduced tuition. These programs are audited in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's revised Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the related *Compliance Supplement*.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers and interfund receivables and payables are eliminated during the consolidation process in the Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds' financial statements, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Change in Accounting Principles

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by State and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by State and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of State and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts that have the following characteristics:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. Distinctions are made regarding the particular requirements for employers based on the number of employers whose employees are provided with pensions through the pension plan and whether pension obligations and pension plan assets are shared. Employers are classified in one of the following categories for purposes of this Statement:

• Single employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit pensions through singleemployer pension plans—pension plans in which pensions are provided to the employees of only one employer (as defined in this Statement).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

- Agent employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit pensions through agent multiple-employer pension plans—pension plans in which plan assets are pooled for investment purposes, but separate accounts are maintained for each individual employer so that each employer's share of the pooled assets is legally available to pay the benefits of only its employees.
- Cost-sharing employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit pensions through cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plans—pension plans in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled, and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities (payables) to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. This Statement also addresses circumstances in which a nonemployer entity has a legal requirement to make contributions directly to a pension plan.

The District has implemented the Provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a State or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

Statement No. 68 requires a State or local government employer (or nonemployer contributing entity in a special funding situation) to recognize a net pension liability measured as of a date (the measurement date) no earlier than the end of its prior fiscal year. If a State or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity makes a contribution to a defined benefit pension plan between the measurement date of the reported net pension liability and the end of the government's reporting period, Statement No. 68 requires that the government recognize its contribution as a deferred outflow of resources. In addition, Statement No. 68 requires recognition of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for changes in the net pension liability of a State or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity that arise from other types of events. At transition to Statement No. 68, if it is not practical for an employer or nonemployer contributing entity to determine the amounts of *all* deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, paragraph 137 of Statement No. 68 required that beginning balances for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources not be reported.

Consequently, if it is not practical to determine the amounts of all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, contributions made after the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability could not have been reported as deferred outflows of resources at transition. This could have resulted in a significant understatement of an employer or nonemployer contributing entity's beginning net position and expense in the initial period of implementation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

This Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement No. 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts.

The District has implemented the Provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

As the result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, the District has restated the beginning net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, effectively decreasing net position as of July 1, 2014, by \$46,834,973. The decrease results from recognizing the net pension liability, net of related deferred outflows of resources. The restatement does not include deferred inflows of resources, as this information was not available.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of State and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The requirements of this Statement extend the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in Statement No. 68 to all pensions, with modifications as necessary to reflect that for accounting and financial reporting purposes, any assets accumulated for pensions that are provided through pension plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the criteria specified in Statement No. 68 should not be considered pension plan assets. It also requires that information similar to that required by Statement No. 68 be included in notes to financial statements and required supplementary information by all similarly situated employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

This Statement also clarifies the application of certain provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68 with regard to the following issues:

- Information that is required to be presented as notes to the ten-year schedules of required supplementary information about investment-related factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.
- Accounting and financial reporting for separately financed specific liabilities of individual employers and nonemployer contributing entities for defined benefit pensions.
- Timing of employer recognition of revenue for the support of nonemployer contributing entities not in a special funding situation.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of State and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, as well as for certain nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to the employees of other entities.

The scope of this Statement includes OPEB plans—defined benefit and defined contribution—administered through trusts that meet the following criteria:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the OPEB plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- OPEB plan assets are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- OPEB plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the OPEB plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit OPEB plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

This Statement also includes requirements to address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing defined benefit OPEB through OPEB plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by State and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by State and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of State and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. This Statement also addresses certain circumstances in which a nonemployer entity provides financial support for OPEB of employees of another entity.

In this Statement, distinctions are made regarding the particular requirements depending upon whether the OPEB plans through which the benefits are provided are administered through trusts that meet the following criteria:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the OPEB plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- OPEB plan assets are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- OPEB plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the OPEB plan administrator, and the plan members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of State and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier implementation is permitted.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments of the Primary Government as of June 30, 2015, consist of the following:

Primary government	\$ 73,311,544
Fiduciary funds	473,492
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 73,785,036
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,503,506
Cash in revolving	95,750
Investments	72,185,780
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 73,785,036

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the San Bernardino County Investment Pool and SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

		Weighted
	Fair	Average Days
Investment Type	Value	to Maturity
San Bernardino County Investment Pool	\$ 43,069,713	344
SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company	29,321,029	N/A
Total	\$ 72,390,742	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the San Bernardino County Investment Pool was rated AAA/V1 by Fitch Ratings. The District's investment with SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company is not required to be rated, nor has it been rated as of June 30, 2015.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are the Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC) with SunAmerica Annuity and Life Assurance Company which represents 41 percent.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2015, the District did not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk because all balances were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable for the District consisted primarily of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources.

The accounts receivable are as follows:

	Primary		Fiduciary			
	Government			Funds		
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$	507,461	\$	-		
State Government						
Categorical aid		226,396		-		
Lottery		830,016		-		
Other State		40,978		-		
Local Sources						
Interest		34,225		-		
Property taxes		379,462		-		
Victor Valley College Foundation		2,009,290		-		
Other local sources		848,379		71,413		
Total	\$	4,876,207	\$	71,413		
Student receivables	\$	271,616	\$			

NOTE 5 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) ASSET

The District provides postemployment health care benefits for retired employees in accordance with negotiated contracts with the various bargaining units of the District.

Plan Description

The postemployment benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The Plan provides medical, vision, and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of 40 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, and 299 active plan members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the District's bargaining units. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually through agreements between the District and the bargaining units. For fiscal year 2014-2015, the District contributed \$627,586 to the Plan. The entire amount was used for current premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Asset

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the payments of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding costs) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB asset to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 359,324
Increase in value of irrevocable trust assets	(55,970)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	303,354
Contributions made	(627,586)
Increase in net OPEB asset	 324,232
Net OPEB asset, beginning of year	6,977,359
Net OPEB asset, end of year	\$ 7,301,591

Trend Information

Trend information for the annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB asset for the past three years is as follows:

Year Ended	Ann	nual OPEB		Actual	Percentage	I	Net OPEB
June 30,		Cost		ontribution	Contributed	Asset	
2013	\$	501,378	\$	1,472,215	294%	\$	6,841,784
2014		501,378		636,953	127%		6,977,359
2015		303,354		627,586	207%		7,301,591

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ 9,168,360 10,130,872
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ (962,512)
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	110%
Covered Payroll	 N/A
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A

The above noted actuarial accrued liability was based on the September 1, 2014, actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information, follows the notes to the financial statements and presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial values of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the September 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a seven percent investment rate of return, based on the Plan being funded through Futuris. The cost trend rate used was four percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level percentage of payroll method. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015, was 14 years. At June 30, 2015, the irrevocable trust with Futuris held assets in the amount of \$10,596,158.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	End of Year
	Of fear	Additions	Deductions	of feat
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,883,784	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,883,784
Construction in progress	6,767,025	9,675,505	3,377,501	13,065,029
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	18,650,809	9,675,505	3,377,501	24,948,813
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land improvements	15,040,106	-	_	15,040,106
Buildings and improvements	130,349,636	3,538,544	_	133,888,180
Furniture and equipment	13,081,039	388,631	-	13,469,670
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	158,470,781	3,927,175		162,397,956
Total Capital Assets	177,121,590	13,602,680	3,377,501	187,346,769
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	5,120,414	661,103	-	5,781,517
Buildings and improvements	34,871,688	2,910,746	-	37,782,434
Furniture and equipment	10,724,328	548,029		11,272,357
Less Accumulated Depreciation	50,716,430	4,119,878		54,836,308
Net Capital Assets	\$ 126,405,160	\$ 9,482,802	\$ 3,377,501	\$ 132,510,461

Depreciation expense for the year was \$4,119,878.

Interest expense on capital related debt for the year ended June 30, 2015, was \$9,568,775. Of this amount, \$259,603 was capitalized in the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable for the District consisted of the following:

	Primary	F1	duciary
	Government]	Funds
Accrued payroll	\$ 2,533,711	\$	-
Construction	2,117,570		-
State categorical	130,092		-
Other	3,282,384		40,064
Total	\$ 8,063,757	\$	40,064

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue consisted of the following:

	Primary
	_ Government_
State categorical	\$ 5,036,254
Other State	411,924
Student fees	154,436
Other local	1,063,365
Total	\$ 6,665,979

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables and Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund activity within the primary government and fiduciary funds has been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances owing between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process. As of June 30, 2015, the amounts owed between the primary government and the fiduciary funds were \$35,106 and \$4,360, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Interfund Operating Transfers

Operating transfers between funds of the District are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use restricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Operating transfers within the funds of the District have been eliminated in the consolidation process. Transfers between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process. During the 2015 fiscal year, the amount transferred to the primary government from the fiduciary fund amounted to \$120,752.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the 2015 fiscal year consisted of the following:

	Balance			D.I	
	Beginning of Year			Balance	Due in
		A 1.11	D 1	End	
	as restated	Additions	Deductions	of Year	One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable 2008 General obligation bonds,					
Series A	\$ 53,067,218	\$ 385,940	\$ 1,045,000	\$ 52,408,158	\$ 1,230,000
2008 General obligation bonds,					
Series B	12,000,000	-	-	12,000,000	-
2008 General obligation bonds,					
Series C	83,137,321	3,529,822	400,000	86,267,143	495,000
Premium on issuance	1,560,305	-	51,175	1,509,130	-
Total Bonds and Notes					
Payable	149,764,844	3,915,762	1,496,175	152,184,431	1,725,000
Other Liabilities					
Compensated absences Supplemental Employee Retirement	1,555,536	2,508	-	1,558,044	-
Plan	929,212	-	464,606	464,606	464,606
Capital leases	6,053,689	-	296,037	5,757,652	324,480
Aggregate net pension liability	49,856,604	_	11,293,729	38,562,875	-
Total Other Liabilities	58,395,041	2,508	12,054,372	46,343,177	789,086
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 208,159,885	\$ 3,918,270	\$ 13,550,547	\$ 198,527,608	\$ 2,514,086

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund with local property tax revenues. Capital lease payments and the Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan will be made by the Unrestricted General Fund. The compensated absences and aggregate net pension obligation will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

					Bonds							Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	(Outstanding			Accreted			(Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	J	uly 1, 2014	 Issued		Interest	I	Redeemed	Jı	ine 30, 2015
2009	08/01/31	3.00% - 5.375%	\$ 54,004,963	\$	53,067,218	\$	-	\$ 385,940	\$	1,045,000	\$	52,408,158
2009	08/01/33	6.67%	12,000,000		12,000,000	-	-	-		-		12,000,000
2009	06/01/49	3.17% - 7.20%	70,017,065		83,137,321			3,529,822		400,000		86,267,143
				\$	148,204,539	\$		\$ 3,915,762	\$	1,445,000	\$	150,675,301

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A

In June 2009, the District issued \$54,004,963 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A. The bonds issued included \$27,635,000 of current interest serial bonds, \$24,440,000 of current interest term bonds, and \$1,929,963 of capital appreciation bonds, with the capital appreciation bonds accreting to \$5,410,000. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2031, with interest rates from 3.00 percent to 5.375 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District property and facilities, as well as to refund all of the Victor Valley Community College District, 1997 variable rate certificates of participation. At June 30, 2015, the principal balance outstanding was \$52,408,158.

2008 General Obligation Bonds – Build America Bonds, Series B

In June 2009, the District issued \$12,000,000 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds - Build America Bonds, Series B. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2033, with an interest rate of 6.67 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District property and facilities, as well as to refund all of the Victor Valley Community College District, 1997 variable rate certificates of participation. At June 30, 2015, the principal balance outstanding was \$12,000,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C

In June 2009, the District issued \$70,017,065 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C. The bonds issued included \$16,135,000 of current interest serial bonds, \$20,000,000 of current interest term bonds, \$6,600,646 of capital appreciation serial bonds, with the capital appreciation bonds accreting to \$27,000,000, \$21,177,379 of capital appreciation term bonds, with capital appreciation bonds accreting to \$248,200,000, and \$6,104,040 of convertible capital appreciation term bonds, with a conversion value of \$12,070,000. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2049, with interest rates from 3.17 percent to 7.20 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District property and facilities. At June 30, 2015, the principal balance outstanding was \$86,267,143. Unamortized premium on issuance at June 30, 2015, was \$1,509,130.

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A mature through 2032 as follows:

	Principal			
	(Including Accreted	Accreted	Current	
Fiscal Year	Interest to Date)	Interest	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,230,000	\$ -	\$ 2,474,638	\$ 3,704,638
2017	1,425,000	-	2,420,538	3,845,538
2018	1,240,047	399,953	2,391,038	4,031,038
2019	1,217,036	582,964	2,391,038	4,191,038
2020	1,191,075	778,925	2,391,038	4,361,038
2021-2025	13,710,000	-	10,394,694	24,104,694
2026-2030	23,265,000	-	5,643,638	28,908,638
2031-2032	9,130,000		377,750	9,507,750
Total	\$ 52,408,158	\$ 1,761,842	\$ 28,484,372	\$ 82,654,372

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series B mature through 2034 as follows:

		Current			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2016	\$ -	\$ 800,400	\$ 800,400		
2017	-	800,400	800,400		
2018	-	800,400	800,400		
2019	-	800,400	800,400		
2020	-	800,400	800,400		
2021-2025	-	4,002,000	4,002,000		
2026-2030	-	4,002,000	4,002,000		
2031-2034	12,000,000_	1,820,577	13,820,577		
Total	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 13,826,577	\$ 25,826,577		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C mature through 2049 as follows:

	Principal			
	(Including Accreted	d Accreted	Current	
Fiscal Year	Interest to Date)	Interest	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 468,083	\$ 26,917	\$ 2,127,763	\$ 2,622,763
2017	507,345	92,655	2,127,763	2,727,763
2018	529,289	170,711	2,127,763	2,827,763
2019	544,285	260,715	2,127,763	2,932,763
2020	553,213	361,787	2,542,669	3,457,669
2021-2025	940,364	1,349,636	14,787,875	17,077,875
2026-2030	1,864,732	3,940,268	14,787,875	20,592,875
2031-2035	7,171,571	17,849,353	14,787,875	39,808,799
2036-2040	35,913,137	26,502,461	11,772,244	74,187,842
2041-2045	26,716,456	58,531,561	4,174,931	89,422,948
2046-2049	11,058,668	96,325,134		107,383,802
Total	\$ 86,267,143	\$ 205,411,198	\$ 71,364,521	\$ 363,042,862

Capital Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. The District's liability on lease agreements with option to purchase is summarized below:

	Equipment
Balance, July 1, 2014	\$ 8,037,974
Payments	(565,441)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 7,472,533

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ending		Lease
June 30,	F	Payment
2016	\$	579,996
2017		594,989
2018		610,431
2019		626,336
2020		642,718
2021-2025		3,477,058
2026-2027		941,005
Total		7,472,533
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,714,881)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	5,757,652

The equipment purchased through capital lease arrangements has been capitalized and is being depreciated over the estimated useful lives.

Equipment	\$ 6,880,519
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(5,504,415)_
Total	\$ 1,376,104

Amortization of the leased equipment under capital lease is included with depreciation expense.

Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan (SERP)

The District has entered into an agreement to provide certain benefits to employees participating in the early retirement incentive program. The District will pay a total of \$464,606 on behalf of the retirees over the next year in accordance with the following schedule:

Year Ending	SERP
June 30,	Payment
2016	\$ 464,606

Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of compensated absences for the District at June 30, 2015, amounted to \$1,558,044.

Aggregate Net Pension Obligation

As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate net pension obligation was \$38,562,875. See Note 11 for additional information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance Coverages

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property with coverages of \$250,000,000 per occurrence, subject to various policy limits. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence, all subject to various deductibles. Employee health coverage benefits are covered by a commercial insurance policy purchased by the District. The District provides health insurance benefits to District employees, their families, and retired employees of the District.

Joint Powers Authority Risk Pools

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District contracted with the Statewide Association of Community Colleges Joint Powers Authority (JPA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2014-2015, the District participated in the Protected Insurance Program for Schools and Colleges (PIPS) Joint Powers Authority (JPA), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the JPA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the JPA. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience, and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the JPA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall saving. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the JPA. Participation in the JPA is limited to K-12 and community college districts that can meet the JPA's selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with Southern California Schools Employee Benefit Association (SCSEBA) to provide employee medical benefits. SCSEBA is a shared risk pool comprised of community colleges and school districts in Southern California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of the claim's flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of CalSTRS and classified employees are members of CalPERS.

The District implemented GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. As a result, the District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

		Proportionate	Deferred	Proportionate	Proportionate
		Share of Net	Outflows of	Share of Deferred	Share of
Pension Plan		Pension Liability	Resources	Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS		\$ 24,659,591	\$ 2,310,868	\$ 6,072,377	\$ 2,128,919
CalPERS		13,903,284	1,628,936	5,328,371	1,235,718
	Total	\$ 38,562,875	\$ 3,939,804	\$ 11,400,748	\$ 3,364,637

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2013, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	8.15%	8.15%
Required employer contribution rate	8.88%	8.88%
Required State contribution rate	5.95%	5.95%

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, are presented above, and the District's total contributions were \$2,310,868.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 24,659,591
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	14,890,525
Total	\$ 39,550,116

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.0422 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,128,919. In addition, the District recognized revenue and expense of \$1,285,533 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Dete	erred Inflows
	Outflows		of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,310,868	\$	-
Difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments				6,072,377
Total	\$	2,310,868	\$	6,072,377

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	_Amortization_
2016	\$ 1,518,094
2017	1,518,094
2018	1,518,094
2019	1,518,095
Total	\$ 6,072,377

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2014
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary investment practice, a best estimate range was determined assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentile for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income	20%	0.20%
Cash/liquidity	1%	0.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 38,437,852
Current discount rate (7.60%)	24,659,591
1% increase (8.60%)	13,171,024

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2013, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, 2013. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer	Pool (CalPERS)
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%
Required employer contribution rate	11.771%	11.771%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, are presented above, and the total District contributions were \$1,628,936.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$13,903,284. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively, was 0.1225 percent and 0.1276 percent, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0051 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,235,718. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Defe	erred Inflows
	Outflows of Resource		Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,628,936	\$	-
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		-		551,046
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments				4,777,325
Total	\$	1,628,936	\$	5,328,371

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

The deferred inflows of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2013-2014 measurement period is 3.9 years and the pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	_Amortization_
2016	\$ 183,682
2017	183,682
2018	183,682
Total	\$ 551,046

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	_Amortization_
2016	\$ 1,194,331
2017	1,194,331
2018	1,194,331
2019	1,194,332
Total	\$ 4,777,325

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2014
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.00%

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	_Rate of Return_
Global equity	47%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	12%	6.83%
Real estate	11%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pelision
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.50%)	\$ 24,389,536
Current discount rate (7.50%)	13,903,284
1% increase (8.50%)	5,140,966

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

PARS-ARS (Public Agency Retirement System Alternate Retirement System)

The District contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System Alternate Retirement System (PARS-ARS), a defined contribution retirement plan administered by the District. PARS-ARS employs a corporate Trustee and Trust Administrator who receives and invests contributions to the Plan and manages the assets of the Trust.

Active plan members contribute 3.75 percent of their salary and the District contributes the equivalent 3.75 percent. Interest earnings on the plan investments minus administrative costs are credited to the members accounts monthly and accumulate tax-free until withdrawal.

Tax Deferred Annuity

The District provides a Tax Shelter Annuity Plan for all eligible employees, as defined in the Plan documents. Participants may contribute a portion of their earnings under a 403(b) plan, which has a maximum deferral limit of \$15,000 if under age 50, and \$20,000 if over age 50. The District will not make matching contributions to the Plan on behalf of participants. However, the District absorbs some costs associated with the administration of the Plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS and CalPERS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, which amounted to \$1,202,072 (5.679 percent) of salaries subject to CalSTRS. Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. No contributions were made for CalPERS for the year ended June 30, 2015. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. These amounts have been reflected in the basic financial statements as a component of nonoperating revenue and employee benefit expense.

NOTE 12 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Statewide Association of Community Colleges and Southern California Schools Employee Benefit Association (SCSEBA) Joint Powers Authority JPAs. The District pays annual premiums for its property liability, excess liability, and health coverage. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity has not been calculated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District receives financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2015.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2015.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
CAPITAL PROJECT	Commitment	Completion
Dr. Prem Reddy Science and Health Building	\$ 998,720	August 31, 2015
Vocational Education Complex	22,786	November 30, 2016
	\$ 1,021,506	-

The projects are funded through a combination of general obligation bonds and capital project apportionments from the California State Chancellor's Office.

NOTE 14 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, in the current year. As a result, the effect on the current fiscal year is as follows:

Primary Government	
Net Position - Beginning	\$ 48,538,331
Inclusion of net pension liability from the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68	(49,856,604)
Inclusion of deferred outflows of resources from the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68	3,021,631
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	\$ 1,703,358

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Actuarial Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial		(AAL) -	AAL			Percentage of
Valuation	Actuarial Value	Method	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	of Assets (a)	Used (b)*	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
March 1, 2011	\$ 7,845,902	\$ 8,274,773	\$ 428,871	95%	N/A	N/A
May 1, 2012	7,801,056	8,137,692	336,636	96%	N/A	N/A
September 1, 2014	10,130,872	9,168,360	(962,512)	110%	N/A	N/A

^{*}Entry age normal cost method.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CalSTRS	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0422%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$ 24,659,591 14,890,525 \$ 39,550,116
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 21,103,504
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	116.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77%
CalPERS	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1225%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,903,284
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 12,939,488
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	107.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CalSTRS	Ca	IST	ΓRS
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CalSTRS	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,310,868 2,310,868 \$ -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 24,195,746
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	8.88%
CalPERS	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,628,936 1,628,936 \$ -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 13,727,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	11.77%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION JUNE 30, 2015

Victor Valley Community College is a public community college operated under the Education Code of the State of California. The District was established by authority of the voters who created the District in 1960. The District began classes in 1961. The present campus was started in 1963 and opened its doors to students in 1965. The District encompasses an area of approximately 2,200 square miles and includes the communities of Adelanto, Apple Valley, Cedar Springs, Helendale, Hesperia, Lucerne Valley, Oro Grande, Phelan, Wrightwood, Los Flores, and Victorville. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District's college is accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Joseph W. Brady	President	December 2016
John Pinkerton	Vice President	December 2016
Brandon Wood	Clerk	December 2018
Dennis Henderson	Member	December 2018
Marianne Tortorici	Member	December 2018

ADMINISTRATION

Roger Wagner Superintendent/President

Vacant Vice President, Administrative Services
Peter Maphumulo Executive Vice President, Instruction

and Student Services

Trinda Best Director of Human Resources

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Pass-Through Entity				
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	F	Gederal General		
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	_	enditures		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			<u>F</u>			
Passed through Chaffey Community College District						
Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and						
Career Training (TAACCCT)	17.282 15C215					
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Student Financial Assistance Cluster						
Pell Grant	84.063		23	,889,990		
Pell Grant - Administration	84.063			128,053		
Supplemental Education Opportunity Program	84.007			212,000		
Supplemental Education Opportunity Program - Administration	84.007			55,719		
College Work Study	84.033			313,337		
College Work Study - Administration	84.033			36,417		
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			24	,635,516		
Gaining Early Awareness & Readiness for Undergraduate Programs						
(GEAR-UP)	84.334A			900,286		
Upward Bound	84.047A			279,411		
Passed through from California Community College						
Chancellor's Office						
Career and Technical Education, Title I-C	84.048	14-C01-066		405,597		
CTE Transitions	84.048A	14-112-990		43,269		
Total U.S. Department of Education			26	,264,079		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS						
Veterans Educational Assistance	64.028			10,768		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Passed through from California Community College						
Chancellor's Office						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Total Expenditures of Federal Programs	93.558	[1]	\$ 26	120,073		

^[1] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number is not available.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Program Entitlements				
		Prior			
	Current	Year	Total		
Program	Year	Carryover	Entitlement		
AB86 Adult Education Consortium	\$ 295,331	\$ -	\$ 295,331		
Basic Skills	109,666	105,747	215,413		
Cal Grants	1,462,578	-	1,462,578		
CalWORKS	509,995	-	509,995		
CalWORKS Region IX Travel	10,000	-	10,000		
CARE Program	206,435	-	206,435		
Child Development - State Pre-School	123,015	-	123,015		
Child Development - Facilities Renovation and Repair	-	663	663		
CTE Enhancement	252,910	-	252,910		
Deputy Sector Navigator	300,000	147,290	447,290		
Disabled Students Program And Services	609,769	5,546	615,315		
Extended Opportunity Program and Services (EOPS)	751,893	-	751,893		
Nursing Enrollment Growth and Retention	197,987	-	197,987		
Nursing Assessment, Remediation and Retention	57,000	-	57,000		
Physical Plant/Instructional Support/Library Materials	1,249,363	91,389	1,340,752		
Proposition 39 Clean Energy Project	266,714	-	266,714		
Proposition 39 Clean Air Project	40,810	-	40,810		
RAMP UP - CCPT	7,471,717	-	7,471,717		
Staff Diversity	5,373	11,695	17,068		
Student Equity	755,323	-	755,323		
Student Financial Assistance Programs (BFAP)	490,034	-	490,034		
Student Success, Credit	1,220,959	179,648	1,400,607		
Student Success, Noncredit	10,348	-	10,348		
Song Brown Nursing Grant #4	-	49,440	49,440		
T . I G D					

Total State Programs

Program	Revenues

Flogram Revenues									
	Cash Received	Re	ccounts ceivable ayable)		Unearned Revenue				Program xpenditures
\$	265,798	\$	_	\$	186,557	\$	79,241	\$	79,241
_	296,413		_	_	195,887		100,526	_	100,526
	1,462,578		(62,482)		-		1,400,096		1,384,010
	509,995		(66,126)		_		443,869		443,869
	10,000		(1,484)		_		8,516		8,516
	206,435		-		_		206,435		206,435
	123,015		-		-		123,015		123,015
	663		_		-		663		663
	101,164		-		32,460		68,704		68,704
	116,400		185,586	-			301,986		301,986
	615,315	515,315		-			615,315		615,315
	751,893		-		-		751,893		751,893
	197,987	!		-			197,987		197,987
	57,000		-	-			57,000		57,000
	1,340,752		-	145,765			1,194,987		1,194,987
	266,714		-	-			266,714		266,714
	-		40,810		-		40,810		40,810
	7,471,717		-		2,953,491		4,518,226		4,518,226
	17,068		-		8,575		8,493		8,493
	755,323	-		5,323 - 739,962 15,361		15,361		15,361	
	490,034		-		-		490,034		490,034
	1,400,607		-		735,429		665,178		665,178
	10,348		-		-		10,348		10,348
	49,440		-		38,128		11,312		11,312
\$	16,516,659	\$	96,304	\$	5,036,254	\$	11,576,709	\$	11,560,623

SCHEDULE OF WORKLOAD MEASURES FOR STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT ANNUAL (ACTUAL) ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CA	TEGORIES	*Revised Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Audited Data
	C			
Α.	Summer Intersession 1. Noncredit	4.86		4.86
	2. Credit	72.78	-	72.78
	Z. Credit	72.76	-	12.10
В.	Summer Intersession			
	1. Noncredit	-	-	-
	2. Credit	360.00	-	360.00
C	Primary Terms			
C.	Census Procedure Courses			
	(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	4,819.02	_	4,819.02
	(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	1,041.59	-	1,041.59
	2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses			
	(a) Noncredit	72.38	-	72.38
	(b) Credit	469.07	-	469.07
	3. Independent Study/Work Experience			
	(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	1,308.89	-	1,308.89
	(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	651.79	-	651.79
	(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education Courses			
D.	Total FTES	8,800.38		8,800.38
E.	In-Service Training Courses (FTES)	-	-	-
Н.	Basic Skills courses and Immigrant Education (FTES)			
	1. Noncredit	48.74	-	48.74
	2. Credit	1,318.91	-	1,318.91

^{*}Annual report revised as of October 1, 2015.

RECONCILIATION OF *EDUCATION CODE* SECTION 843262 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		ECS 84362 A			ECS 84362 B		
			uctional Salary 00 - 5900 and A			Total CEE AC 0100 - 679	n
	Object/TOD		0 - 3900 and A	Revised		AC 0100 - 679	Revised
	Object/TOP	Reported			Reported		
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data
Academic Salaries							
Instructional Salaries	1100	\$ 11,792,758	\$ -	\$ 11,792,758	\$ 11,822,651	s -	\$ 11,822,651
Contract or Regular Other	1300	10,397,535	φ - -	10,397,535	10,420,188	Ф -	10,420,188
Total Instructional Salaries	1300	22,190,293	_	22,190,293	22,242,839	_	22,242,839
Noninstructional Salaries		22,170,273	_	22,170,273	22,242,037	_	22,242,037
Contract or Regular	1200	-	-	-	3,203,416	-	3,203,416
Other	1400	1	-	-	739,649	-	739,649
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	3,943,065	-	3,943,065
Total Academic Salaries		22,190,293	-	22,190,293	26,185,904	ı	26,185,904
Classified Salaries							
Noninstructional Salaries							
Regular Status	2100	-	-	-	9,923,409	-	9,923,409
Other	2300	-	-	-	321,981	-	321,981
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	10,245,390	-	10,245,390
Instructional Aides	2200	1,532,660		1,532,660	1,774,861		1,774,861
Regular Status Other	2400	270,150	-	270,150	273,271	-	273,271
Total Instructional Aides	2.00	1,802,810	_	1,802,810	2,048,132	-	2,048,132
Total Classified Salaries		1,802,810	_	1,802,810	12,293,522	_	12,293,522
Employee Benefits	3000	5,190,026	_	5,190,026	10,827,998	_	10,827,998
Supplies and Material	4000	-	-	-	622,265	-	622,265
Other Operating Expenses	5000	266,447	-	266,447	6,327,682	-	6,327,682
Equipment Replacement	6420	-	-	-	2,151	-	2,151
Total Expenditures							
Prior to Exclusions		29,449,576	-	29,449,576	56,259,522	-	56,259,522

RECONCILIATION OF *EDUCATION CODE* SECTION 843262 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100 - 5900 and AC 6110				ECS 84362 B Total CEE	0	
	Object/TOP	Reported	0 - 5900 and A Audit	Revised		AC 0100 - 679 Audit	Revised	
	Codes	Data Adjustments Data		Reported Data	Adjustments	Data		
Exclusions	Codes	Data	Aujustinents	Data	Data	Adjustificitis	Data	
Activities to Exclude								
Instructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits								
and Retirement Incentives	5900	\$ 161,827	\$ -	\$ 161,827	\$ 161,827	\$ -	\$ 161,827	
Student Health Services Above Amount	3900	φ 101,627	φ -	φ 101,627	φ 101,627		Φ 101,627	
Collected	6441							
Student Transportation	6491	_	_	_	49,999	_	49,999	
Noninstructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits	0491	-	-	-	49,999	_	49,999	
and Retirement Incentives	6740	_	_	_	455,810	_	455,810	
	07.10				133,010		155,010	
Objects to Exclude								
Rents and Leases	5060	-	-	-	479,503	-	479,503	
Lottery Expenditures								
Academic Salaries	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Classified Salaries	2000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Employee Benefits	3000	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Software	4100	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Books, Magazines, and Periodicals	4200	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	4300	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Noninstructional Supplies and Materials	4400	-	-	-	_	_		
Total Supplies and Materials		_		_	-	-	-	

RECONCILIATION OF *EDUCATION CODE* SECTION 843262 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		ECS 84362 A				ECS 84362 B	
		Inetr	uctional Salary			Total CEE	
			00 - 5900 and A		AC 0100 - 6799		
	Object/TOD						
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Outlay							
Library Books	6000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-	1	-	-	-	-
Total Equipment		ı	ı	-	-	1	-
Total Capital Outlay							
Other Outgo	7000	-	1	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		161,827	ı	161,827	1,147,139	-	1,147,139
Total for ECS 84362,							
50 Percent Law		\$ 29,287,749	\$ -	\$ 29,287,749	\$ 55,112,383	\$ -	\$ 55,112,383
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary					·		
Cost/Total CEE)		53.14%		53.14%	100.00%		100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education					\$ 27,556,192		\$ 27,556,192

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT (CCFS-311) WITH FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

There were no adjustments to the Annual Financial and Budget Report (CCFS-311) which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2015.

PROPOSITION 30 EDUCATION PROTECTION ACT (EPA) EXPENDITURE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activity Classification	Object Code			Unrest	ricte	ed
EPA Proceeds:	8630				\$	8,779,140
Activity Classification	Activity Code	Salaries and Benefits (Obj 1000-3000)	Operating Expenses (Obj 4000-5000)	Capital Outlay (Obj 6000)		Total
Instructional Activities	1000-5900	\$ 8,779,140	-	-	\$	8,779,140
Total Expenditures for EPA \$ 8,779,140 Revenues Less Expenditures				\$	8,779,140	

See accompanying notes to supplementary information.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **JUNE 30, 2015**

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balance:		
General Fund, unrestricted	\$ 3,637,919	
General Fund, restricted	322,784	
Special Revenue Funds	29,615,647	
Capital Project Funds	21,061,553	
Debt Service Funds	8,692,793	
Enterprise Funds	1,344,317	
Internal Service Funds	581,229	
Fiduciary Funds	628,785	
Total Fund Balance - All District Funds		\$ 65,885,027
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is:	187,346,769	
Accumulated depreciation is:	(54,836,308)	132,510,461
Amounts held in trust on behalf of others (Trust and Agency Funds)		(474,095)
Recognizing the OPEB asset resulting from the difference between annual OPEB cost on the accrual basis and the OPEB contributions in the governmental funds.		7,301,591
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the accrual basis.		3,939,804
The net change in proportionate share of net pension liability as of the measurement date is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected remaining service life of members receiving pension benefits.		(551,046)
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.		(10,849,702)
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide statements, unmatured interest on long-term debt is recognized when it is incurred.		(2,261,417)

See accompanying notes to supplementary information.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2015

Long-term obligations at year end consist of:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 131,732,541	
Premium on bonds	1,509,130	
Capital leases payable	5,757,652	
Supplemental employee retirement plan	464,606	
Compensated absences	1,558,044	
Aggregate net pension obligation	38,562,875	
In addition, the District issued "capital appreciation" general		
obligation bonds. The accretion of interest on those bonds to		
date is the following:	18,942,760	\$ (198,527,608)
Total Net Position		\$ (3,026,985)

See accompanying notes to supplementary information.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

District Organization

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members and administration members.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Primary Government and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	CFDA	
Description	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues from Statement of Revenues, Expenses,		
and Changes in Net Position:		\$ 26,480,225
Pell Grant	84.063	(71,492)
Supplemental Education Opportunity Program	84.007	(600)
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 26,408,133

Subrecipients

Of the Federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the District provided Federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

		A	Amount
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Pro	ovided to
Grantor/Program	Number	Sub	recipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for			
Undergraduate Programs (GEAR-UP)	84.334A	\$	110,601

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes the State grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California State Chancellor's Office.

Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment

FTES is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds, including restricted categorical funding, are made to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the annual attendance measurements of students throughout the District.

Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation

ECS 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50 percent of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the State Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the State Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report (CCFS-311) With Fund Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Form CCFS-311 to the District's internal fund financial statements.

Proposition 30 Education Protection Act (EPA) Expenditure Report

This schedule provides the District's summary of receipts and uses of the monies received through the EPA.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the entity-wide full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Victor Valley Community College District Victorville, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Victor Valley Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2015.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Notes 2 and 14 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varinex Time, Day & Co. LLP.

December 11, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Victor Valley Community College District Victorville, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Victor Valley Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major Federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Javinek, Time, Day & Co., LLP.

December 11, 2015





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Victor Valley Community College District Victorville, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Victor Valley Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *District Audit Manual* issued in August 2014 that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements identified in the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *District Audit Manual* issued in August 2014.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the standards and procedures identified in the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *District Audit Manual*. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above could have a material effect on the applicable programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion for Each of the Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2015.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with State laws and regulations applicable to the following:

Section 421	Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law)
Section 423	Apportionment for Instructional Service Agreements/Contracts
Section 424	State General Apportionment Funding System
Section 425	Residency Determination for Credit Courses
Section 426	Students Actively Enrolled
Section 427	Concurrent Enrollment of K-12 Students in Community College Credit Courses
Section 430	Schedule Maintenance Program
Section 431	Gann Limit Calculation
Section 435	Open Enrollment
Section 438	Student Fees – Health Fees and Use of Health Fee Funds
Section 439	Proposition 39 Clean Energy
Section 440	Intersession Extension Programs
Section 474	Extended Opportunity Programs and Services (EOPS) and Cooperative Agencies Resources
	for Education (CARE)
Section 475	Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
Section 479	To Be Arranged (TBA) Hours
Section 490	Proposition 1D State Bond Funded Projects
Section 491	Proposition 30 Education Protection Account Funds

The District reports no Instructional Service Agreements/Contracts for Apportionment Funding; therefore, the compliance tests within this section were not applicable.

The District does not charge a student health fee; therefore, the compliance tests within the Student Fees - Health Fees and Use of Health Fee Funds section were not applicable.

The District does not offer an Intersession Extension Program; therefore, the compliance tests within this section were not applicable.

The District reports no attendance within classes subject to the TBA Hours; therefore, the compliance tests within this section were not applicable.

The District did not receive Prop 1D State Bond Funded Projects funding during the year; therefore, the compliance tests within this section were not applicable.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varinex Time, Day & Co., LLP.

December 11, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial re	porting:		
Material weaknesses identifi	ed?	No	
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No	
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major Fede	ral programs:		
Material weaknesses identifi	ed?	No	
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed tha	t are required to be reported in accordance		
with Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?		No	
Identification of major Federal p	rograms:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.007, 84.033, 84.063	Student Financial Assistance Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distingu	\$ 792,244		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	
STATE AWARDS			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for State programs:		Unmodified	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Federal Awards Findings

None reported.

State Awards Findings